Suspend the Rules And Pass the Bill, H.R. 3898, with Amendments

(The amendments strike all after the enacting clause and insert a new text and a new title)

115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 3898

To require the Secretary of the Treasury to place conditions on certain accounts at United States financial institutions with respect to North Korea, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

October 2, 2017

Mr. BARR (for himself, Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH, Ms. MOORE, Mr. PERL-MUTTER, Mr. HILL, and Mr. VARGAS) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

A BILL

- To require the Secretary of the Treasury to place conditions on certain accounts at United States financial institutions with respect to North Korea, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Otto Warmbier North
- 5 Korea Nuclear Sanctions Act".

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1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2 The Congress finds the following:

3 (1) On June 1, 2016, the Department of the 4 Treasury's Financial Crimes Enforcement Network 5 announced a Notice of Finding that the Democratic 6 People's Republic of Korea is a jurisdiction of pri-7 mary money laundering concern due to its use of 8 state-controlled financial institutions and front com-9 panies to support the proliferation and development 10 of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) and ballistic 11 missiles.

12 (2) The Financial Action Task Force (FATF) 13 has expressed serious concerns with the threat posed 14 by North Korea's proliferation and financing of 15 WMD, and has called on FATF members to apply 16 effective counter-measures to protect their financial 17 sectors from North Korean money laundering, WMD 18 proliferation financing, and the financing of ter-19 rorism.

20 (3) In its February 2017 report, the U.N.
21 Panel of Experts concluded that—

(A) North Korea continued to access the
international financial system in support of illicit activities despite sanctions imposed by
U.N. Security Council Resolutions 2270 (2016)
and 2321 (2016);

(678214|2)

1	(B) during the reporting period, no mem-
2	ber state had reported taking actions to freeze
3	North Korean assets; and
4	(C) sanctions evasion by North Korea,
5	combined with inadequate compliance by mem-
6	ber states, had significantly negated the impact
7	of U.N. Security Council resolutions.
8	(4) In its September 2017 report, the U.N.
9	Panel of Experts found that—
10	(A) North Korea continued to violate fi-
11	nancial sanctions by using agents acting abroad
12	on the country's behalf;
13	(B) foreign financial institutions provided
14	correspondent banking services to North Ko-
15	rean persons and front companies for illicit pur-
16	poses;
17	(C) foreign companies violated sanctions by
18	maintaining links with North Korean financial
19	institutions; and
20	(D) North Korea generated at least $$270$
21	million during the reporting period through the
22	violation of sectoral sanctions.
23	(5) North Korean entities engage in significant
24	financial transactions through foreign bank accounts
25	that are maintained by non-North Korean nationals,

1	thereby masking account users' identity in order to
2	access financial services.
3	(6) North Korea's sixth nuclear test on Sep-
4	tember 3, 2017, demonstrated an estimated explo-
5	sive power more than 100 times greater than that
6	generated by its first nuclear test in 2006.
7	(7) North Korea has successfully tested sub-
8	marine-launched and intercontinental ballistic mis-
9	siles, and is rapidly progressing in its development
10	of a nuclear-armed missile that is capable of reach-
11	ing United States territory.
10	
12	SEC. 3. CONDITIONS WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN AC-
12 13	COUNTS AND TRANSACTIONS AT UNITED
13	COUNTS AND TRANSACTIONS AT UNITED
13 14	COUNTS AND TRANSACTIONS AT UNITED STATES FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.
13 14 15	COUNTS AND TRANSACTIONS AT UNITED STATES FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS. (a) Correspondent and Payable-Through Ac-
13 14 15 16	COUNTS AND TRANSACTIONS AT UNITED STATES FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS. (a) CORRESPONDENT AND PAYABLE-THROUGH AC- COUNTS HELD BY FOREIGN FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.—
 13 14 15 16 17 	COUNTS AND TRANSACTIONS AT UNITED STATES FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS. (a) CORRESPONDENT AND PAYABLE-THROUGH AC- COUNTS HELD BY FOREIGN FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 45 days after
 13 14 15 16 17 18 	COUNTS AND TRANSACTIONS AT UNITED STATES FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS. (a) CORRESPONDENT AND PAYABLE-THROUGH AC- COUNTS HELD BY FOREIGN FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 45 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 	COUNTS AND TRANSACTIONS AT UNITED STATES FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS. (a) CORRESPONDENT AND PAYABLE-THROUGH AC- COUNTS HELD BY FOREIGN FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 45 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe regulations to pro-
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	COUNTS AND TRANSACTIONS AT UNITED STATES FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS. (a) CORRESPONDENT AND PAYABLE-THROUGH AC- COUNTS HELD BY FOREIGN FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 45 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe regulations to pro- hibit, or impose strict conditions on, the opening or

24 ingly facilitates a significant transaction or trans-

1	actions or provides significant financial services for
2	a covered person.
3	(2) Penalties.—
4	(A) CIVIL PENALTY.—A person who vio-
5	lates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate,
6	or causes a violation of regulations prescribed
7	under this subsection shall be subject to a civil
8	penalty in an amount not to exceed the greater
9	of—
10	(i) \$250,000; or
11	(ii) an amount that is twice the
12	amount of the transaction that is the basis
13	of the violation with respect to which the
14	penalty is imposed.
15	(B) CRIMINAL PENALTY.—A person who
16	willfully commits, willfully attempts to commit,
17	or willfully conspires to commit, or aids or
18	abets in the commission of, a violation of regu-
19	lations prescribed under this subsection shall,
20	upon conviction, be fined not more than
21	\$1,000,000, or if a natural person, may be im-
22	prisoned for not more than 20 years, or both.
23	(b) Restrictions on Certain Transactions by
24	UNITED STATES FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 45 days after
2	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
3	of the Treasury shall prescribe regulations to pro-
4	hibit a United States financial institution, and any
5	person owned or controlled by a United States finan-
6	cial institution, from knowingly engaging in a sig-
7	nificant transaction or transactions with or benefit-
8	ting any person that the Secretary finds to be a cov-
9	ered person.
10	(2) CIVIL PENALTY.—A person who violates, at-
11	tempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a
12	violation of regulations prescribed under this sub-
13	section shall be subject to a civil penalty in an
14	amount not to exceed the greater of—
15	(A) \$250,000; or
16	(B) an amount that is twice the amount of
17	the transaction that is the basis of the violation
18	with respect to which the penalty is imposed.
19	SEC. 4. OPPOSITION TO ASSISTANCE BY THE INTER-
20	NATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND
21	
	THE EXPORT-IMPORT BANK.
22	THE EXPORT-IMPORT BANK. (a) INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.—
22 23	

"SEC. 73. OPPOSITION TO ASSISTANCE FOR ANY GOVERN MENT THAT FAILS TO IMPLEMENT SANC TIONS ON NORTH KOREA.

4 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Treasury 5 shall instruct the United States Executive Director at the international financial institutions (as defined under sec-6 7 tion 1701(c) of the International Financial Institutions Act) to use the voice and vote of the United States to 8 9 oppose the provision of financial assistance to a foreign government, other than assistance to support basic human 10 11 needs, if the President determines that, in the year preceding consideration of approval of such assistance, the 12 13 government has knowingly failed to prevent the provision 14 of financial services to, or freeze the funds, financial assets, and economic resources of, a person described under 15 subparagraphs (A) through (E) of section 7(2) of the Otto 16 Warmbier North Korea Nuclear Sanctions Act. 17

"(b) WAIVER.—The President may waive subsection
(a) for up to 180 days at a time with respect to a foreign
government if the President reports to Congress that—
"(1) the foreign government's failure described
under (a) is due exclusively to a lack of foreign government capacity;

24 "(2) the foreign government is taking effective25 steps to prevent recurrence of such failure; or

"(3) such waiver is vital to the national security
 interests of the United States.".

3 (b) EXPORT-IMPORT BANK.—Section 2(b) of the Ex4 port-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635(b)) is
5 amended by adding at the end the following:

6 "(14) PROHIBITION ON SUPPORT INVOLVING 7 PERSONS CONNECTED WITH NORTH KOREA.—The 8 Bank may not guarantee, insure, or extend credit, or 9 participate in the extension of credit in connection 10 with the export of a good or service to a covered per-11 son (as defined under section 7 of the Otto 12 Warmbier North Korea Nuclear Sanctions Act).".

13 SEC. 5. TREASURY REPORTS ON COMPLIANCE, PENALTIES,

14

AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.

15 (a) QUARTERLY REPORT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days following the date of the enactment of this Act, and
every 90 days thereafter, the Secretary of the Treasury shall submit a report to the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives and
the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate that includes—

23 (A) a list of financial institutions that, in
24 the period since the preceding report, knowingly
25 facilitated a significant transaction or trans-

1	actions or provided significant financial services
2	for a covered person, or failed to apply appro-
3	priate due diligence to prevent such activities;
4	(B) a list of any penalties imposed under
5	section 3 in the period since the preceding re-
6	port; and
7	(C) a description of efforts by the Depart-
8	ment of the Treasury in the period since the
9	preceding report, through consultations, tech-
10	nical assistance, or other appropriate activities,
11	to strengthen the capacity of financial institu-
12	tions and foreign governments to prevent the
13	provision of financial services benefitting any
14	covered person.
15	(2) Form of report; public availability.—
16	(A) FORM.—The report required under
17	paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified
18	form but may contain a classified annex.
19	(B) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—The unclassi-
20	fied portion of such report shall be made avail-
21	able to the public and posted on the website of
22	the Department of the Treasury.
23	(b) TESTIMONY REQUIRED.—Upon request of the
24	Committee on Financial Services of the House of Rep-
25	resentatives or the Committee on Banking, Housing, and

Urban Affairs of the Senate, the Under Secretary of the
 Treasury for Terrorism and Financial Intelligence shall
 testify to explain the effects of this Act, and the amend ments made by this Act, on North Korea's access to fi nance.

6 (c) INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND.—Title XVI
7 of the International Financial Institutions Act (22 U.S.C.
8 262p et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the fol9 lowing:

10 "SEC. 1629. SUPPORT FOR CAPACITY OF THE INTER-11NATIONAL MONETARY FUND TO PREVENT12MONEY LAUNDERING AND FINANCING OF13TERRORISM.

14 "The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the 15 United States Executive Director at the International 16 Monetary Fund to support the use of the administrative 17 budget of the Fund for technical assistance that strength-18 ens the capacity of Fund members to prevent money laun-19 dering and the financing of terrorism.".

(d) NATIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Chairman of the National Advisory Council
on International Monetary and Financial Policies shall include in the report required by section 1701 of the International Financial Institutions Act (22 U.S.C. 262r) for

the fiscal year following the date of the enactment of this
 Act a description of—

3	(1) the activities of the International Monetary
4	Fund in the most recently completed fiscal year to
5	provide technical assistance that strengthens the ca-
6	pacity of Fund members to prevent money laun-
7	dering and the financing of terrorism, and the effec-
8	tiveness of the assistance; and
9	(2) the efficacy of efforts by the United States
10	to support such technical assistance through the use
11	of the Fund's administrative budget.
12	SEC. 6. SUSPENSION AND TERMINATION OF PROHIBITIONS
13	AND PENALTIES.
14	(a) SUSPENSION.—The President may suspend, on a
15	case-by-case basis, the application of any provision of this
16	Act, or provision in an amendment made by this Act, for
17	a period of not more than 180 days at a time if the Presi-
18	dent certifies to Congress that—
19	(1) the Government of North Korea has—
20	(A) committed to the verifiable suspension
21	of North Korea's proliferation and testing of
22	WMD, including systems designed in whole or
23	in part for the delivery of such weapons; and
24	(B) has agreed to multilateral talks includ-

1	the goal of permanently and verifiably limiting
2	North Korea's WMD and ballistic missile pro-
3	grams; or
4	(2) such suspension is vital to the national se-
5	curity interests of the United States, with an expla-
6	nation of the reasons therefor.
7	(b) TERMINATION.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—On the date that is 30 days
9	after the date on which the President makes the cer-
10	tification described under paragraph (2)—
11	(A) section 3, subsections (a) and (b) of
12	section 5, and section 6(a) of this Act shall
13	cease to have any force or effect;
14	(B) section 73 of the Bretton Woods
15	Agreements Act, as added by section 4(a), shall
16	be repealed; and
17	(C) section $2(b)(14)$ of the Export-Import
18	Bank Act of 1945, as added by section 4(b),
19	shall be repealed.
20	(2) CERTIFICATION.—The certification de-
21	scribed under this paragraph is a certification by the
22	President to the Congress that—
23	(A) the Government of North Korea—

1	(i) has ceased to pose a significant
2	threat to national security, with an expla-
3	nation of the reasons therefor; or
4	(ii) is committed to, and is taking ef-
5	fective steps to achieving, the goal of per-
6	manently and verifiably limiting North Ko-
7	rea's WMD and ballistic missile programs;
8	OF
9	(B) such termination is vital to the na-
10	tional security interests of the United States,
11	with an explanation of the reasons therefor.
12	SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS.
13	For purposes of this Act:
14	(1) TERMS RELATED TO NORTH KOREA.—The
15	terms "applicable Executive order", "Government of
16	North Korea", "North Korea", "North Korean per-
17	son", and "significant activities undermining cyber-
18	security" have the meanings given those terms, re-
19	spectively, in section 3 of the North Korea Sanctions
20	and Policy Enhancement Act of 2016 (22 U.S.C.
21	9202).
22	(2) COVERED PERSON.—The term "covered
23	person" means the following:
24	(A) Any designated person under an appli-
25	cable Executive order.

1	(B) Any North Korean person that facili-
2	tates the transfer of bulk cash or covered goods
3	(as defined under section 1027.100 of title 31,
4	Code of Federal Regulations).
5	(C) Any North Korean financial institu-
6	tion.
7	(D) Any North Korean person employed
8	outside of North Korea, except that the Sec-
9	retary of the Treasury may waive the applica-
10	tion of this subparagraph for a North Korean
11	person that is not otherwise a covered person
12	and—
13	(i) has been granted asylum or ref-
14	ugee status by the country of employment;
15	or
16	(ii) is employed as essential diplomatic
17	personnel for the Government of North
18	Korea.
19	(E) Any person acting on behalf of, or at
20	the direction of, a person described under sub-
21	paragraphs (A) through (D).
22	(F) Any person that knowingly employs a
23	person described under subparagraph (D).
24	(G) Any person that facilitates the import
25	of goods, services, technology, or natural re-

1	sources, including energy imports and minerals,
2	or their derivatives, from North Korea.
3	(H) Any person that facilitates the export
4	of goods, services, technology, or natural re-
5	sources, including energy exports and minerals,
6	or their derivatives, to North Korea, except for
7	food, medicine, or medical supplies required for
8	civilian humanitarian needs.
9	(I) Any person that invests in, or partici-
10	pates in a joint venture with, an entity in which
11	the Government of North Korea participates or
12	an entity that is created or organized under
13	North Korean law.
14	(J) Any person that provides financial
15	services, including through a subsidiary or joint
16	venture, in North Korea.
17	(K) Any person that insures, registers, fa-
18	cilitates the registration of, or maintains insur-
19	ance or a registration for, a vessel owned, con-
20	trolled, commanded, or operated by a North
21	Korean person.
22	(L) Any person providing specialized
23	teaching, training, or information or providing
24	material or technological support to a North
25	Korean person that—

1	(i) may contribute to North Korea's
2	development and proliferation of WMD, in-
3	cluding systems designed in whole or in
4	part for the delivery of such weapons; or
5	(ii) may contribute to significant ac-
6	tivities undermining cybersecurity.
7	(3) FINANCIAL INSTITUTION DEFINITIONS.—
8	(A) FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—The term
9	"financial institution" means a United States
10	financial institution or a foreign financial insti-
11	tution.
12	(B) FOREIGN FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—
13	The term "foreign financial institution" has the
14	meaning given that term under section
15	1010.605 of title 31, Code of Federal Regula-
16	tions.
17	(C) NORTH KOREAN FINANCIAL INSTITU-
18	TION.—The term "North Korean financial in-
19	stitution" includes—
20	(i) any North Korean financial insti-
21	tution, as defined in section 3 of the North
22	Korea Sanctions and Policy Enhancement
23	Act of 2016 (22 U.S.C. 9202);
24	(ii) any financial agency, as defined in
25	section 5312 of title 31, United States

1	Code, that is owned or controlled by the
2	Government of North Korea;
3	(iii) any money transmitting business,
4	as defined in section 5330(d) of title 31,
5	United States Code, that is owned or con-
6	trolled by the Government of North Korea;
7	(iv) any financial institution that is a
8	joint venture between any person and the
9	Government of North Korea; and
10	(v) any joint venture involving a
11	North Korean financial institution.
12	(D) UNITED STATES FINANCIAL INSTITU-
13	TION.—The term "United States financial insti-
14	tution" has the meaning given the term "U.S.
15	financial institution" under section 510.310 of
16	title 31, Code of Federal Regulations.
17	(4) KNOWINGLY.—The term "knowingly" with
18	respect to conduct, a circumstance, or a result,
19	means that a person has actual knowledge, or should
20	have known, of the conduct, the circumstance, or the
21	result.
	Amend the title so as to read: "A bill to impose sec-

Amend the title so as to read: "A bill to impose secondary sanctions with respect to North Korea, strengthen international efforts to improve sanctions enforcement, and for other purposes.".