July 18, 2013

RULES COMMITTEE PRINT 113-19 H.R. 1582, ENERGY CONSUMERS RELIEF ACT OF 2013

[Showing the text of the bill as ordered reported by the Committee on Energy and Commerce.]

1	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
2	This Act may be cited as the "Energy Consumers Re-
3	lief Act of 2013".
4	SEC. 2. PROHIBITION AGAINST FINALIZING CERTAIN EN-
5	ERGY-RELATED RULES THAT WILL CAUSE
6	SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE EFFECTS TO THE
7	ECONOMY.
8	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Ad-
9	ministrator of the Environmental Protection Agency may
10	not promulgate as final an energy-related rule that is esti-
11	mated to cost more than \$1 billion if the Secretary of En-
12	ergy determines under section 3(3) that the rule will cause
13	significant adverse effects to the economy.
14	SEC. 3. REPORTS AND DETERMINATIONS PRIOR TO PRO-
15	MULGATING AS FINAL CERTAIN ENERGY-RE-
16	LATED RULES.
17	Before promulgating as final any energy-related rule
18	that is estimated to cost more than \$1 billion:

1	(1) Report to congress.—The Administrator
2	of the Environmental Protection Agency shall sub-
3	mit to Congress a report (and transmit a copy to the
4	Secretary of Energy) containing—
5	(A) a copy of the rule;
6	(B) a concise general statement relating to
7	the rule;
8	(C) an estimate of the total costs of the
9	rule, including the direct costs and indirect
10	costs of the rule;
11	(D) an estimate of the total benefits of the
12	rule, an estimate of when such benefits are ex-
13	pected to be realized, and a description of the
14	modeling, the assumptions, and the limitations
15	due to uncertainty, speculation, or lack of infor-
16	mation associated with the estimates under this
17	subparagraph;
18	(E) an estimate of the increases in energy
19	prices, including potential increases in gasoline
20	or electricity prices for consumers, that may re-
21	sult from implementation or enforcement of the
22	rule; and
23	(F) a detailed description of the employ-
24	ment effects, including potential job losses and

1	shifts in employment, that may result from im-
2	plementation or enforcement of the rule.
3	(2) Initial determination on increases
4	AND IMPACTS.—The Secretary of Energy, in con-
5	sultation with the Federal Energy Regulatory Com-
6	mission and the Administrator of the Energy Infor-
7	mation Administration, shall prepare an independent
8	analysis to determine whether the rule will cause—
9	(A) any increase in energy prices for con-
10	sumers, including low-income households, small
11	businesses, and manufacturers;
12	(B) any impact on fuel diversity of the Na-
13	tion's electricity generation portfolio or on na-
14	tional, regional, or local electric reliability;
15	(C) any adverse effect on energy supply,
16	distribution, or use due to the economic or tech-
17	nical infeasibility of implementing the rule; or
18	(D) any other adverse effect on energy
19	supply, distribution, or use (including a short-
20	fall in supply and increased use of foreign sup-
21	plies).
22	(3) Subsequent determination on adverse
23	EFFECTS TO THE ECONOMY.—If the Secretary of
24	Energy determines, under paragraph (2), that the
25	rule will cause an increase, impact, or effect de-

1	scribed in such paragraph, then the Secretary, in
2	consultation with the Administrator of the Environ-
3	mental Protection Agency, the Secretary of Com-
4	merce, the Secretary of Labor, and the Adminis-
5	trator of the Small Business Administration, shall—
6	(A) determine whether the rule will cause
7	significant adverse effects to the economy, tak-
8	ing into consideration—
9	(i) the costs and benefits of the rule
10	and limitations in calculating such costs
11	and benefits due to uncertainty, specula-
12	tion, or lack of information; and
13	(ii) the positive and negative impacts
14	of the rule on economic indicators, includ-
15	ing those related to gross domestic prod-
16	uct, unemployment, wages, consumer
17	prices, and business and manufacturing ac-
18	tivity; and
19	(B) publish the results of such determina-
20	tion in the Federal Register.
21	SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.
22	In this Act:
23	(1) The terms "direct costs" and "indirect
24	costs" have the meanings given such terms in chap-
25	ter 8 of the Environmental Protection Agency's

1	"Guidelines for Preparing Economic Analyses"
2	dated December 17, 2010.
3	(2) The term "energy-related rule that is esti-
4	mated to cost more than \$1 billion" means a rule of
5	the Environmental Protection Agency that—
6	(A) regulates any aspect of the production
7	supply, distribution, or use of energy or pro-
8	vides for such regulation by States or other gov-
9	ernmental entities; and
10	(B) is estimated by the Administrator of
11	the Environmental Protection Agency or the
12	Director of the Office of Management and
13	Budget to impose direct costs and indirect
14	costs, in the aggregate, of more than
15	\$1,000,000,000.
16	(3) The term "rule" has the meaning given to
17	such term in section 551 of title 5, United States
18	Code.

